Garments made from woollen fabrics: care instruction

The following provides some simple care instructions for garments made from our woollen fabrics.

General recommendation

Generally, garments from pure new Merino wool only require cleaning once or twice a year. Dust and dirt however negatively affect their appearance. They can easily be removed by brushing the lengths of the garment with a handmade clothes brush. Especially our qualities CLASSIC and SYMMETRY should be regularly brushed. Before brushing the garment, dip the brush into a bowl with clear, warm water. Then shake excessive water off the brush and brush your garment from top to bottom (in nap direction). Besides dust and dirt, you can also easily remove pills this way. Only the right handling of your clothes brush helps remove dust and dirt, helping you keep the beautiful appearance and sheen of your Merino wool garments.

Other care recommendations

Airing

To remove cigarette smoke or other unpleasant odours, put your garment into fresh air on a suitable coat hanger.

Coat hangers

Garments from woven wool fabrics should always be hung on shaped or padded coat hangers.

Protection

After wearing your woollen garments, do not use them for 24 hours. This will keep their natural beauty and elasticity.

Refreshing

You can refresh your woollen garments by hanging them in a damp bathroom. The humidity helps remove folds.

Sunlight

Should your garment get wet, let it dry at room temperature and do not directly expose it to the sun.



Stain removal from woollen interior fabrics

In the following, we provide some simple instructions on how to remove stains from woollen interior fabrics.

General recommendations

We recommend treating stains promptly or contacting a professional furniture cleaning service. The longer a stain remains on the textile, the more difficult it will be to remove. Always pre-test any cleaning method in an inconspicuous area. Several light applications of a cleaning agent are generally less harmful than a single concentrated application. If necessary, repeat stain treatment several times. Never use heat to clean textiles as heat can set stains. Do not use agents containing bleach. These agents cause discoloration over time.

Alcoholic drinks

Dab gently with an absorbent, lint-free cloth to remove as much excess liquid as possible. Sponge the area sparingly with a mixture of warm water and surgical spirit or rubbing alcohol in equal parts.

Black coffee

Mix alcohol and white vinegar in equal parts, soak a lint-free cloth in the solution and lightly dab the stained area before pressing gently with an absorbent cloth.

Blood

Remove excess blood immediately with a damp sponge, then gently dab the area using undiluted white vinegar followed by cold water.

Butter, grease or sauces

If a greasy mark forms, firstly scrape the surface of the stain with a spoon or knife to remove any excess oil. Then soak a lint-free cloth in standard grease remover or white spirit and gently dab the area.

Chocolate, white coffee or tea

Dab gently around the edge of the stain with a cloth soaked in white spirit before following instructions for black coffee.

Egg or milk

Dab gently with a lint-free cloth soaked in white spirit. Repeat the action with a cloth soaked in diluted white vinegar.



Fruit, fruit juice or red wine

Immediately dab the stain with a mixture of surgical spirit or rubbing alcohol and water (3:1 ratio).

Grass

Apply soap very carefully (using a mild soap bar or flakes) or dab gently with a lint free cloth soaked in surgical spirit or rubbing alcohol.

Ink or ballpoint pen

Dab gently with a lint-free cloth soaked in white spirit. Repeat the action with a cloth soaked in diluted white vinegar or surgical spirit or rubbing alcohol.

Lipstick, makeup or shoe polish

Rub gently with a lint-free cloth soaked in turpentine or spot cleaning spray or fluid. Rinse with mild soapy water.

This information has been kindly provided by The Woolmark Company Pty Ltd.